# Диагностическая тематическая работа №3 по подготовке к ОГЭ по АНГЛИЙСКОМУ ЯЗЫКУ

# Инструкция по выполнению работы

Общее время проведения работы – 90 мин, включая инструктаж, раздачу вариантов, налаживание громкости и звучания аудиозаписи.

Работа состоит из трёх разделов и включает 30 заданий.

Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию) включает 1 задание на установление соответствий и 6 заданий с выбором одного правильного ответа из трёх предложенных.

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению) включает 1 задание на установление соответствий и 7 заданий с кратким ответом, предусматривающих заполнение пропусков в тексте в соответствии с прочитанным.

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике) содержит 15 заданий с кратким ответом на восстановление двух коротких текстов.

При выполнении заданий 1 и 8 необходимо вписать в таблицы выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами. В случае записи неверного ответа следует его зачеркнуть и записать рядом новый.

Ответы к заданиям **2–7**, **9–15**, **16–24**, **25–30** запишите в работе в отведенном для этого месте. В случае записи неверного ответа его следует зачеркнуть и записать рядом новый.

Рекомендуется выполнять задания в том порядке, в котором они даны.

Желаем успеха!

# Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **E**. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение.

The speaker talks about

1

- 1. how to arrange a birthday party.
- 2. his/her favourite café.
- 3. making a birthday cake.
- 4. his/her childhood dream.
- 5. a family birthday celebration.
- 6. shopping for a present.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	В	С	D	Е
Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор администратора международной школы и студента. В заданиях 2–7 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

2	Dan's academic results prove that he is				
	1) a bad student.				
	2) a bright student.				
	3) an average student.				
	Ответ:				
3	When taking his course Dan stayed				
	1) in a students' hostel.				
	2) with a host family.				
	,				
	3) with his friend's family.				

4	During the course Dan usually
	1) ate out in the city restaurants.
	2) had meals in the school cafeteria
	3) cooked his meals himself.
	Ответ:
5	According to Dan, he prefers
<u> </u>	1) cartoons.
	2) action films.
	3) comedies.
	Ответ:
6	During the course Dan
	1) swam quite regularly.
	2) gave up all the sport.
	3) exercised in the gym.
	Ответ:
7	Tomorrow afternoon Dan is going
	1) on an excursion.
	2) to the airoport.
	3) to the school party.
	Ответ:

#### Раздел 2. Задания по чтению

Прочитайте тексты **A**–**G** и установите, в каких из них содержатся ответы на вопросы **1–8**. Используйте выбранную цифру **только один** раз. В задании есть **один лишний** вопрос, на который нет ответа ни в одном из текстов.

# In which text can you find information about

8

- 1. how to get a newspaper without leaving your house?
- 2. why newspapers are becoming less popular?
- 3. what the best-known newspapers are?
- 4. how to identify a newspaper by its size?
- 5. types of newspapers to choose from?
- 6. the kind of newspaper which is published once a week?
- 7. the serious newspapers' competitors?
- 8. how the publishers encourage people to buy their newspapers?
- **A.** As in many other European countries, Britain's main newspapers are losing their readers. Fewer and fewer people are buying broadsheets and tabloids at the newsagent's. In the last quarter of the twentieth century people became richer and now they can choose other forms of leisure activities. Also, there is the Internet which is a convenient and inexpensive alternative source of news.
- **B.** The 'Sunday papers' are so called because that is the only day on which they are published. Sunday papers are usually thicker than the dailies and many of them have six or more sections. Some of them are 'sisters' of the daily newspapers which are published by the same company but not on week days.
- C. Another proof of the importance of 'the papers' is the morning 'paper round'. It has become common that more than half of the country's readers get their morning paper brought to their door by a teenager. The boy or girl usually gets up at around 5.30am every day including Sunday to earn a bit of pocket money. Most newsagents organise the morning 'paper round'.
- **D.** The quality papers or broadsheets are for the better educated readers. They devote a lot of space to politics and other 'serious' news. The popular papers, or tabloids, sell to a much larger readership. They contain less text and a lot more pictures. They use bigger headlines and write in a simpler style of English. They concentrate on 'human interest stories' which often means scandal.
- **E.** Not so long ago in Britain if you saw someone reading a newspaper you could tell what kind it was without even checking the name. It was because the quality papers were printed on very large pages called 'broadsheet'. You had to have expert turning skills to be able to read more than one page. The tabloids were printed on much smaller pages which were much easier to turn.
- **F.** The desire to attract more readers has meant that in the twentieth century sometimes even

the broadsheets in Britain look rather 'popular'. They give a lot of coverage to scandal and details of people's private lives. The reason is simple. What matters most for all newspaper publishers is making a profit. They would do anything to sell more copies.

**G.** If you go into any newsagent's shop in Britain, you will find not only newspapers. You will also see rows and rows of magazines for almost every imaginable taste. There are specialist magazines for many popular pastimes. There are around 3,000 of them published in the country and they are widely read, especially by women. Magazines usually list all the TV and radio programmes for the coming week and many British readers prefer them to newspapers.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ownow	A	В	C	D	E	F	G
Ответ:							

Прочитайте текст и данное после него краткое содержание. Заполните пропуски в предложениях (задания **9–15**), вписав подходящие по смыслу слова из текста. Для каждого пропуска используйте **только одно** слово из текста.

#### **Lewis Carroll**

Lewis Carroll was the pen-name of Charles Dodgson, an English writer and the author of two of the best loved children's books in English Literature – 'Alice's Adventures in Wonderland' and 'Through the Looking Glass'. The characters and phrases from these books have entered and become part of the English culture so, if someone calls you 'Mad as a Hatter', you know whom to thank.

Charles Dodgson was born on 27 January 1832 and spent the first eleven years of his life at Warrington, Cheshire where his father was the priest. His family was large: his parents had 11 children, 4 boys and 7 girls.

Charles's father was a very good mathematician. Before his marriage he was a lecturer at Oxford. Naturally, education for the children was a priority in the family. Charles was taught at home, then he studied at two boarding schools, and finally at Christ Church College, Oxford. Later in life, he remembered his boarding school experience without any warm feelings. Still, he was an excellent student and studied very well in all his subjects.

Charles Dodgson was talented in many ways. He was interested in photography and music. He sang very well, played chess and enjoyed creating and solving puzzles.

He was also Professor at Oxford and a well-known logician.

In 1855 Charles Dodgson became a lecturer in Mathematics at Christ Church College. It was then that he started his literary career and took his pen-name, Lewis Carroll. While his creative books and poetry were published under his pen-name, he also wrote books on Mathematics under his own name.

When a new Headmaster arrived at Christ Church College, he brought with him his family. Dodgson became the family's close friend. Charles Dodgson had never been married and had neither a son nor a daughter. But he loved and understood children very well. The Headmaster's little daughters, the youngest of which was called Alice, enjoyed his company very much. Charles often entertained the girls by telling them stories about imaginary worlds with fantastic creatures.

The story about the adventures of little Alice became popular all over the world. 'Alice in Wonderland' is primarily a children's story, but adults have enjoyed the novel for over a century together with children.

9	Have you ever heard about Charles Dodgson? He is better known to the public as Lewis Carroll, which was his
10	Charles Dodgson was brought up in a large family. His father served as a in Warrington.
11	Charles got a very good – he studied at boarding schools and at Christ Church College, Oxford.
12	Actually, Charles had many talents. He was good at music and – he enjoyed taking pictures of nature, architecture and especially of people.
13	Not all Lewis Carroll's fans know that the real person, Charles Dodgson, was also a professor of at Oxford.
14	In fact, his as a writer started when he got the post of a lecturer at Christ Church Collage.
15	Charles Dodgson became a close friend of the Headmaster and spent lots of time with his family. The Headmaster's youngest inspired him to create his imaginary world of Wonderland

# Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **16–24** так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **16–24**.

16	Dana Miller was a bus driver in the city of Philadelphia. Her working hours from 10.00pm till 6.00am.	BE
17	It was a hard job and very few worked as bus drivers in those days but Dana loved her job very much.	WOMAN
18	One of her regular passengers was a guitar player. Every Friday night he got on the bus carrying his guitar. The guitar of wood, not plastic and Dana liked the way it sounded.	MAKE
19	"You should come to see our show," the guitarist kept saying to Dana.  "Iit one day," Dana promised each time.	SEE
20	But she never said when exactly she	COME
21	Another passenger who often used Dana's bus was a Biscuit Lady. She worked at the biscuit factory and often Dana a small bag of biscuits.	GIVE
22	Dana sweets and pastries very much but she could never resist those biscuits – they were so fresh and tasty.	NOT/LIKE
23	"How was your night?" Dana's husband liked to ask when she came home.  "Good music, good food and a great view of the city," she cheerfully answered.	SHE
24	"I wish I my work as much as you enjoy yours," her husband said, "but I'm going to have just another boring day at the office."	ENJOY

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **25–30**, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **25–30**.

25	The Grand National is a horse race which is held every year in Liverpool. This involves a four-mile race, during which the horses have to go over 30 fences.	COMPETE
26	The most horse in the Grand National was called 'Red Rum'.	FAME
27	He was the of the race three times during the 1970s.	WIN
28	The race is not only a sporting event but a social event too.	FASHION
29	Men and women wear beautiful clothes, and the tickets to the race are very	EXPENSE
30	The Grand National is broadcast all over the world and around 500 to 600 million people watch it. However, though there are lots of horse racing fans, many people think it's and cruel to make the animals race and jump for people's entertainment.	FAIR

# Ответы к заданиям

№ задания	Ответ
1	61532
2	2
3	1
4	3
5	2
6	1
7	2
8	2615487
9	pen-name; pen name
10	priest
11	education
12	photography
13	Mathematics/ mathematics; Maths; Math
14	career
15	daughter
16	were
17	women
18	was made
19	will see; shall see; 'll see
20	would come; 'd come
21	gave
22	didn't like; did not like
23	her
24	enjoyed
25	competition
26	famous
27	winner
28	fashionable
29	expensive
30	unfair

#### Тексты для аудирования

Сейчас Вы будете выполнять задания по аудированию. Каждый текст прозвучит 2 раза. После первого и второго прослушивания у Вас будет время для выполнения и проверки заданий. Все паузы включены в аудиозапись. Остановка и повторное воспроизведение аудиозаписи не предусмотрены.

#### Задание 1

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами A, B, C, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1 – 6 только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

У вас есть 30 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с заданием.

#### Now we are ready to start.

# Speaker A

It was my friend's birthday recently. Silly, it took me four days to buy him a gift. I wanted to give him a set of paints and brushes. However, when I arrived at the Art shop, it was 8pm – and the shop only works till 7pm. The next day the shop was closed for some technical reason and on the third day, right in front of the cash desk, I found out that I'd left my money at home. My fourth try was at last a success!

## Speaker B

A birthday is a special day for any of us and if you want a special celebration, you need to think about it beforehand. First make a list of guests. Bear in mind that there shouldn't be too many people – otherwise they'll split into groups. It's good when all the guests know each other. And the most important thing is to design a programme of activities. Games and contests are an essential part of it.

#### Speaker C

On my birthday, my parents took me and my two sisters to an amusement park. We rode the roller coasters, had fun on the swings and ate ice cream and cakes in a summer café. Then we went to the shopping centre. I was supposed to choose a present by myself and I chose a large teddy bear. It may be silly for a girl who's just turned 15, but at that moment I felt like a little child.

#### Speaker D

When you think about arranging a birthday party, you definitely think about the menu, which always includes a special cake. If you want to impress your guests, try to make it yourself. It will require lots of your time and lots of different ingredients like flour, eggs, cream, butter, chocolate and what not! Be prepared for all kinds of accidents like the cake burning in the oven.

#### Speaker E

I often drop in to this place as it's just on the way to my office. In the morning, it's a nice place to have a coffee and a sandwich. And in the evening, when I have more time, I have some dessert – like pancakes with different fillings or pudding with ice cream or a cake. They also sell huge cakes for all sorts of celebrations – like birthday and wedding cakes.

You have 30 seconds to complete the task. (Pause 30 seconds.)

Now you will listen to the texts again. (Repeat.)

This is the end of the task. You now have 20 seconds to check your answers. (Pause 20 seconds.)

#### Залания 2-7

Вы услышите разговор администратора международной школы и студента. В заданиях **2–7** в поле ответа запишите **одну** цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

У Вас есть 60 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с заданиями.

## Now we are ready to start.

Dan:	Good afternoon, Mrs. Bridge. You asked me to come after classes.
Mrs.	Hi, Dan. That's right. I just want to congratulate you on completing the course so
Bridge:	successfully. The final tests say you are top of the class.
Dan:	Thank you, Mrs. Bridge. It's very kind of you to say this.
Mrs.	You've deserved it. And I would like to ask you some questions to find out how our
Bridge:	students feel about the course and the school.
Dan:	Yes?
Mrs.	You've been with us for four weeks. Are you happy with your living conditions?
Bridge:	
Dan:	Yes, first I wanted to stay with a host family, but when I came to the school our
	supervisor said that there was a vacant room in the hostel. My friend and I decided
	to have a look at it, and we liked it very much. It's also very convenient - the
	hostel is just by the school, so I can sleep a bit longer in the morning.
Mrs.	I see. And do you cook for yourself in the kitchen there or do you have meals
Bridge:	somewhere in the campus or in the city?
Dan:	I usually cook for myself. I can do it quite well, my mum has taught me. And the
	nearest supermarket always offers fresh vegetables, meat and fruit, so cooking is not
	a problem. Eating out in the city is too expensive
Mrs.	And the campus cafeteria? They offer really good discounts there if you have your
Bridge:	student card on you.
Dan:	Yes, I know but I don't really like the food there. It seems to me too dull and
	tasteless
Mrs.	I see.
Bridge	
Dan:	But I use the student card for watching films and for the local sports centre.
Mrs.	By watching films you mean going to the Cinema Hall down the Mall Street?
Bridge:	

Dan:	Yes. There's always something interesting on. I usually buy early Saturday and
	Sunday tickets with a student discount and watch the coolest Hollywood action
	films really cheap.
Mrs.	Do you like action?
Bridge:	
Dan:	Well If I'm choosing between cartoons, melodramas and action films, yes, I choose the action films.
Mrs. Bridge:	Ok. And you also mentioned the sports centre. How often do you go there?
Dan:	Not very often – once or twice a week I go to the swimming pool. There's also a well-equipped gym there I would like to use it, but there's no time for that unfortunately.
Mrs.	Yes, you were busy with the course, and the cultural programme was pretty packed.
Bridge:	Did you enjoy the excursions you went on with your class?
Dan:	Yes, I did.
Mrs.	And there's the farewell party tomorrow in the school. Are you coming?
Bridge:	
Dan:	I'd love to but I can't. I'm flying home tomorrow afternoon.
Mrs.	Oh, that's a real pity!
Bridge:	
Dan:	I know. But nothing can be done – I have to go for family reasons. I'll be missing
	school and my new friends.

You have 30 seconds to complete the task. (Pause 30 seconds.) Now you'll hear the text again. (Repeat.) This is the end of the task. You now have 30 seconds to check your answers. (Pause 30 seconds.)

This is the end of the Listening Test.

Время, отведённое на выполнение заданий по аудированию, истекло.